Introduction to Unity

Step 5: Shaping outdoor level

Piotr Fulmański

Wydział Matematyki i Informatyki, Uniwersytet Łódzki, Polska

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Preliminaries

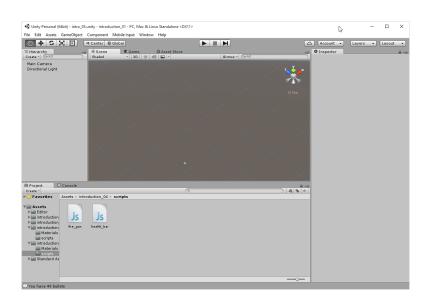
Clean up a mess

- Close the previous project (scene intro_04) if it is opened.
- 2 Create new scene with File | New Scene and save it as intro_05 selecting File | Save Scene As.

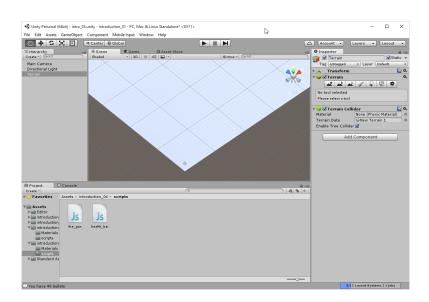
Add terrain object to the scene

Select GameObject | 3D Object | Terrain. This will spawn a terrain asset in the Hierarchy view and place it in the Scene.

Add terrain object to the scene



Add terrain object to the scene



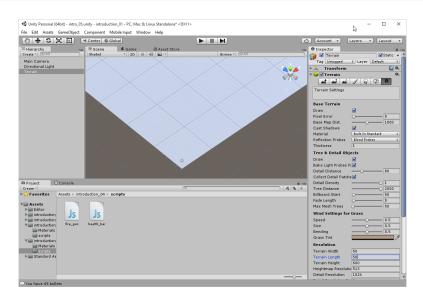
Add terrain object to the scene

1 In the Inspector view, locate and click the **Terrain Settings** button



- 2 Locate the Resolution settings.
- 3 Currently, the terrain width and length are set to big avlues (500 in my case). Set these values both to smaller values, say 50.

Add terrain object to the scene



Create terrain Unity Terrain Sculpting Tools

Unity gives us multiple tools for hand sculpting terrain. We can see these tools in the **Inspector** view under the component **Terrain (Script)**. These tools all work under the same premise: we use a brush with a given

size and opacity to "paint" terrain.

1 raise / lower tool

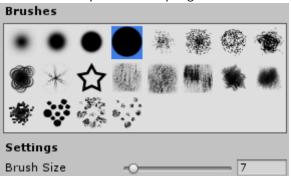
2 paint height tool

3 smooth height tool

Sculpting with Raise/Lower tool

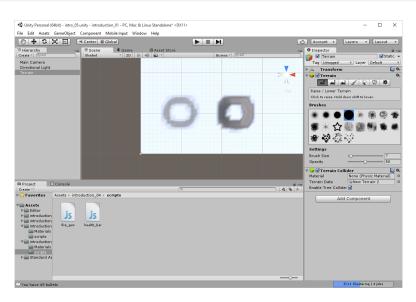
The **Raise/Lower** tool, just as it sounds, enables us to raise or lower the terrain wherever we paint.

• Select a simple circle brush and set its size to 7. Brushes determine the size and shape of the sculpting effect.

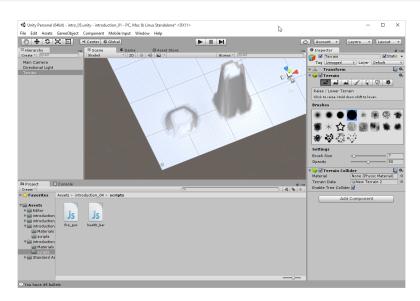


- ② Choose a brush size and opacity. The opacity determines how strong the sculpting effect is.
- 3 Click and drag over the terrain in the **Scene** view to raise the terrain. Holding **Shift** when you click and drag will instead lower the terrain.

Sculpting with Raise/Lower tool



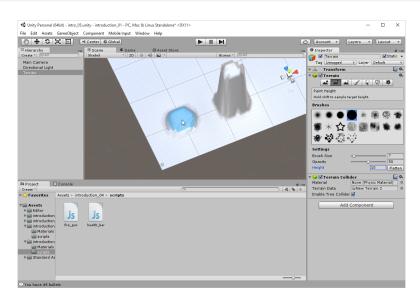
Sculpting with Raise/Lower tool

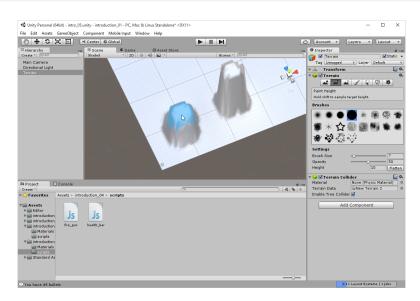


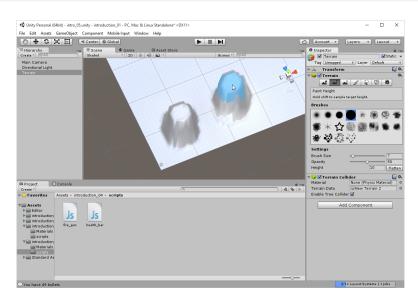
Create terrain Sculpting with Paint Height tool

The **Paint Height** tool works almost exactly as the **Raise/Lower** tool except that it paints a terrain to a specified height. If the specified height is higher than the current terrain, painting raises the terrain. If the specified height is lower than the current terrain, however, the terrain is lowered.

- Set **Height** to 10 and click several times on lower peak. It should rise to a certain height but no higher.
- 2 Click several times on higher peak. It should decrease to a certain heigh but no lower.





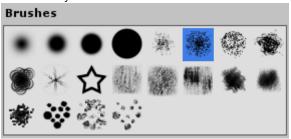




Create terrain Sculpting with Smooth Height tool

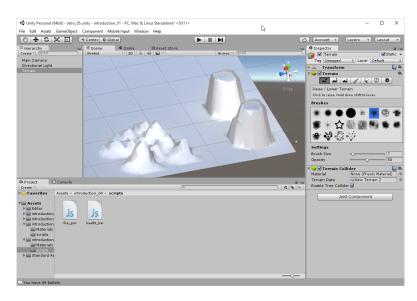
The **Smooth Height** tool doesn't alter the terrain in highly noticeable ways. Instead, it removes a lot of the jagged lines that appear when sculpting terrain. Think of this tool as a polisher.

① Select a frayed brush and set its size to 7.

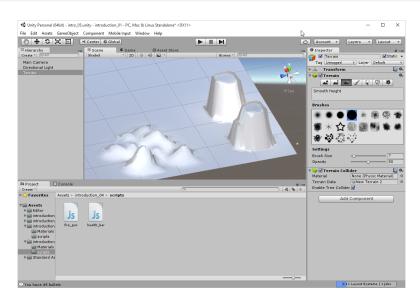


2 Next change the brush to simple circle and use it with **Smooth Height** tool to smoot the landscape.

Sculpting with Smooth Height tool



Sculpting with Smooth Height tool



Sculpting: task

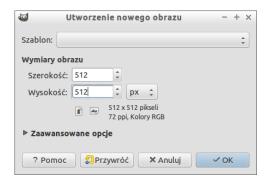
- Create a new project or scene, add a terrain and save as task_05_01. Set the resolution of the terrain to 50 x 50 and give it a height of 50 (or choose other values if you prefer).
- ② Flatten the terrain to a height of 25 by clicking the **Paint Height** tool, changing the height to 20, and clicking **Flatten** button.
- 3 Use the sculpting tools and create your own landscape.

Creating the terrain using heightmaps

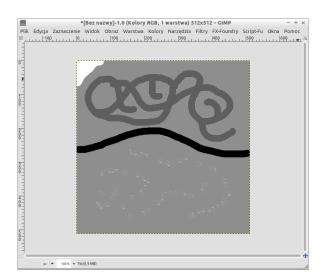
In some sense, heightmaps work in the same way as brushes. The engine interprets the grayscale colors as elevation data and applies it to the terrain. They can be easily created with any application that supports exporting in the .raw format.

• Use **Photoshop** to create grayscale (that is with 256 shades of gray) image of your landscape as it would be seen from the top. The darker shades can be thought of as low points, and the lighter shades are high points.

Creating the terrain using heightmaps



Creating the terrain using heightmaps



Creating the terrain using heightmaps: some remarks

I was unable to create heightmaps with software other than Photoshop. Maybe the following link could be used as a good replacement for this

- http: //forum.unity3d.com/threads/png-or-png-to-raw.156450/
- http://wiki.unity3d.com/index.php?title= HeightmapFromTexture

Creating the terrain using heightmaps: other solution

Another solution is to use any graphical software which is able to save file as .png Next IrfanView¹ with plugin formats² can be used to export .png to .raw format with the follwing settings

RAW save options	x
Set options:	
Flip image vertically	
Options for 24 BPP images:	
Color order: RGB	
Color order: BGR	
◯ Interleaved (RGB RGB)	
● Planar (RRR GGG BBB)	

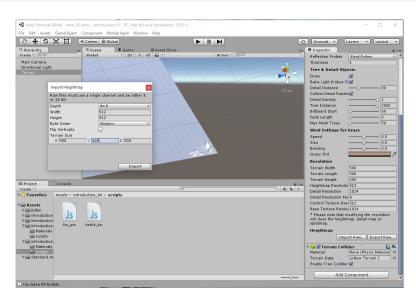
¹http://www.irfanview.com/

²Plugin install is quite easy: it is enough to download plugin package (.exe file) and run it.

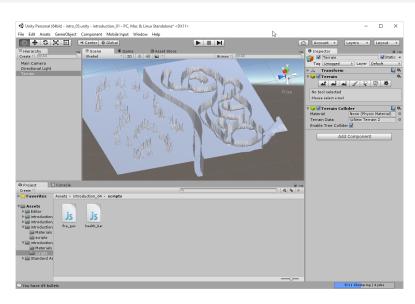
Create terrain Applying a heightmap

- With your terrain selected in the **Hierarchy** view, click the **Terrain Settings** button. In the **Heightmap** section, click **Import Raw**.
- The Import Raw Heightmap dialog will open. Locate your .raw file and click Open.
- The Import Heightmap dialog will open. Set the options as it is shown on next slide. Width and Height should be set to values corresponding to the dimension of the image you have prepared.
- If it is needed, change the terrain resolution and / or the height value by going back to the Resolution section in the Terrain Settings in the Inspector view.

Creating the terrain using heightmaps



Creating the terrain using heightmaps

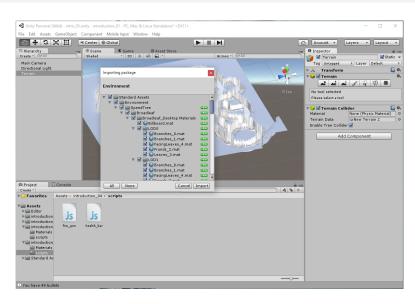


Importing textures

- Go to Assets | Import Package | Environment.
- Click on Import.

This will import some textures for the terrain and tree models that we will use in the future

Importing textures



Texturing terrain

The terrain texturing procedure is very simple and works a lot like the sculpting.

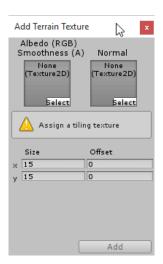
1 The first thing is to swich to Paint Texture tool



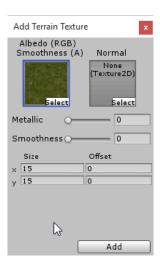
- 2 Next we should load a texture.
 - Click Edit Textures | Add Texture.
 - The Add Terrain Texture dialog will appear. Click in the box for Albedo parameter and select the GrassHillAlbedo texture.
 - 3 Click Add.

This will import some textures for the terrain and tree models that we will use in the future.

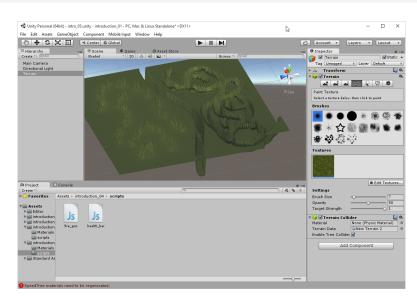
Texturing terrain



Texturing terrain



Texturing terrain



The terrain texture

Texturing terrain

At this point, the entire terrain should be covered in patchy grass. Now, we will actually begin painting and making our terrain look more realistic.

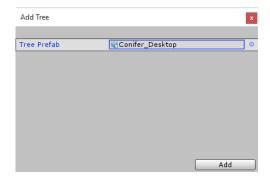
- Repeat previous steps and add a new texture (different than green grass, for example there should be **GrassRockyAlbedo** texture).
- 2 Set your brush size to 30, opacity to 20, and target strength to 0.6.
- Sparingly, paint (click and drag) on the steep parts and crevices of your terrain. This gives the impression that grass isn't growing on the sides of steep grades and in between hills.
- 4 Continue experimenting with texture painting. Feel free to load different textures and apply them to obtain more realistic game world.

Populating our level with trees and creating forests can be done by using the **Place Trees** tool.

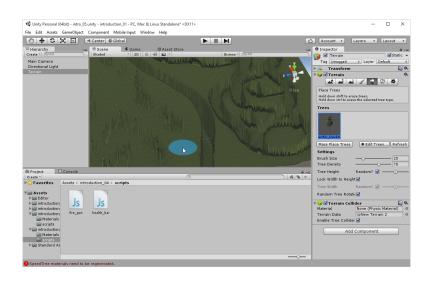


- 1 Click Edit Trees | Add Tree to pull up the Add Tree dialog.
- Clicking the circle icon to the right of the Tree text box on the Add Tree dialog pulls up the Tree Selector dialog.
- 3 Select the Palm Tree and click Add.
- 4 Set your brush size to 20, your tree density to 70.
- Paint trees on the terrain by clicking and dragging over the areas where you want trees. Holding the Shift key while click-dragging removes trees.
- Ontinue to experiment with different brush sizes, densities, and other options.

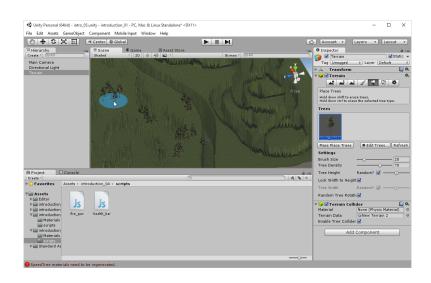
Paint trees



Paint trees



Paint trees

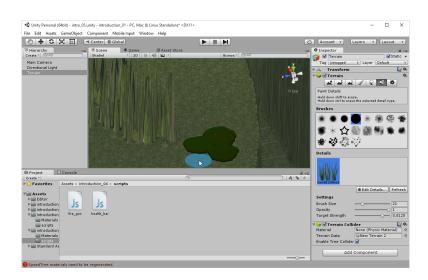


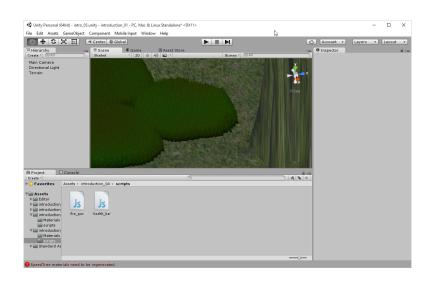
Populating our level with grass can be done by using the **Paint Details** tool.

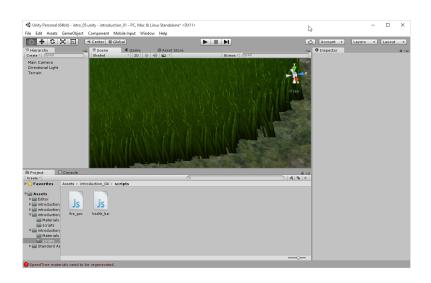


- Click Edit Details in the Inspector view and select Add Grass Texture.
- ② In the Add Grass Texture dialog, click the circle icon next to the Texture text box. Select the GrassFrond01AlbedoAlpha texture (not the GrassHillAlbedo texture, because it is much less "grassy").
- 3 Set your texture properties to whatever values you want. Pay special attention to the color properties because those establish the range of natural colors for your grass.
- 4 When done, click Apply.
- After you have your grass loaded, you just need to choose a brush and your brush properties. You are now ready to begin painting grass.

Add Grass Texture		×
		- 0
Detail Texture		na G
Min Width	1	
Max Width	2	
Min Height	1	
Max Height	2	
Noise Spread	0.1	
Healthy Color		
Dry Color		
Billboard	\blacksquare	
		Add







Create terrain with textures, grass etc

Heightmap, sculpting, texturing...: task

- ① Create a new project or scene and save it as task_05_02.
- ② Use heightmap, sculpting, texturing etc. to create a game world. Think of this as a previous or next level of our stone game world we made so far.

Skybox: adding a skybox to the camera

We can add a skybox to the camera so that whatever the camera sees beyond the game world will be replaced with sky. To add a skybox to the camera, follow these steps:

- ① Select the Main Camera in the Hierarchy view.
- Add a skybox component by clicking Component | Rendering | Skybox.
- In the Inspector view, locate the Skybox component and click the circle icon next to the Custom Skybox field. In the Select Material dialog, select the skybox you prefere.
- 4 Run your scene to see the skybox applied to the camera.

Skybox: adding a skybox to the scene

Note: read this slide but before you try, please see also next 2 slides.

- Click Window | Lighting to open the lighting settings for the scene in the Inspector view.
- 2 Select **Scene** tab.
- 3 Locate the **Skybox** field in the **Environment Lighting** section and click the circle icon to the right of it.
- Choose the skubox you prefere. Notice how the Scene view changes to contain the sky.

Skybox: adding a skybox to the scene

# Lighting				
Object		Scene	Lightmaps	
Environment Li	ghting			
Skybox	Default	t-Skybox		
Sun	None (Lig	jht)		
Ambient Source	Skybox			
Ambient Intensity	$\overline{}$			- 1
Ambient GI	Realtime			
Reflection Source	Skybox			
Resolution	128			
Compression	Auto			
Reflection Intensity) 1
Reflection Bounces	O			- 1
🛚 🗹 Precomputed R	ealtime G	I		
■ Baked GI				
General GI				
▼ 🗌 Fog				
Fog Color				
Fog Mode		ial Squared		
Density	0.01			
Other Settings Baking of lightmap The lightmap data	os is automa is stored in	itic because the v	vorkflow mode is set 1	o 'Auto'.
		✓Auto	Build	
O non-directional lightm	aps	0 B		
			ghtmaps	

Skybox: adding a skybox to the scene

- Accessing Render Settings in Unity 5
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zqZT6K0LQxo
- How do | Make a Skybox?
 http://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/HOWTO-UseSkybox.html

Adding fog to a scene

- Click Window | Lighting to open the lighting settings for the scene in the Inspector view.
- 2 Select **Scene** tab.
- **6** Locate **Fog** section.
- **4** Turn on fog by checking the **Fog** check box.
- **5** Experiment with the different fog densities and colors.

Summary

You should know

- how to sculpte terrain;
- how to use heightmaps to simplyf design process;
- how to texture terrain;
- how to add flora object (like tree or grass).